#2

DRAFT AMENDMENT 4 TO THE ATLANTIC HERRING FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLAN

Catch Monitoring: Summary Tables for Reference

Provided by NMFS Regional Office Staff

June 4/5, 2009 Herring Committee Meeting Intentionally Blank

Atlantic Herring Catch Monitoring and Reporting Program	ng Program	
Monitoring and Reporting Program Component	Developed Program Elements for Consideration	Undeveloped Program Elements for Consideration
Regulatory Definitions/Requirements	Existing regulatory definitions are as follows:	Revising the regulatory definition of "transfer at sea" for the
Revise/develop definitions and requirements to improve reporting compliance, ensure accuracy and completeness of data, and improve consistency between databases	Section 648.2 Atlantic herring processor means a person who receives unprocessed Atlantic herring from a fishing vessel issued	purposes of the Atlantic herring fishery to clarify provisions related to each vessel engaged in the operation.
	a reactal Atlantic herring permit or from an Atlantic herring dealer for the purposes of processing; or the owner or operator of a fishing vessel that processes Atlantic herring; or an Atlantic herring dealer who purchases Atlantic herring from a fishing vessel with a Federal Atlantic herring normit for reselase se hait	Kevising some of the existing regulatory definitions to clarify which vessels are authorized to engage in certain herring-related activities and what reporting requirements may apply to these vessels.
	Section 648.2 Dealer means any person who receives, for a	Establishing a new herring carrier/dealer permit that would be required for carrier vessels that sell Atlantic herring to any entity.
	commercial purpose (other than solely for transport on land), from the owner or operator of a vessel issued a valid permit under this part, any species of fish, the harvest of which is managed by this part, unless otherwise exempted in this part.	This option would require the addition of a regulatory definition of "Atlantic herring carrier/dealer" in Section 648.2 (Definitions).
	Section 648.2 Processing, or to process, with respect to the Atlantic herring fishery , means the preparation of Atlantic herring to render it suitable for human consumption, bait, commercial uses, industrial uses, or long-term storage, including	The permit would require compliance with federal dealer reporting requirements at any time the vessel is in possession of a (new) carrier/dealer LOA. A "dealer identifier" would have to be developed for
	but not limited to cooking, canning, roe extraction, smoking, salting, drying, freezing, or rendering into meat or oil.	carrier/dealers for the purposes of reporting.
	Section 648.2 Transfer means to begin to remove, to remove, to pass over the rail, or to otherwise take away fish from any vessel and move them to another vessel.	This measure would also require the establishment of two LOAs for carrier vessels: one for vessels that
Reporting Requirements Revise reporting requirements to improve reporting compliance and the accuracy and timeliness of quota	Require limited access (and open access) permit holders to submit IVR reports on a trip-by-trip basis (within 6 or 24 hours of offloading)	Are additional revisions to reporting requirements necessary?
monitoring information	Require limited access (and open access) permit holders to report VTR serial number via IVR	
	Require open access permit holders with Transfer at Sea LOAs to submit IVR reports a trip-by-trip basis (as well as negative IVR reports)	
	Require limited access (and open access) permit holders would to IVR reports weekly, but with a deadline of Monday midnight	
	Require limited access (and open access) permit holders to submit VTR reports weekly	

Atlantic Herring Catch Monitoring and Reporting Program (continued)	ng Program (continued)	
Monitoring and Reporting Program Component	Developed Program Elements for Consideration	Undeveloped Program Elements for Consideration
VMS Requirements Revise VMS requirements to make them consistent with other FMPs	Eliminate VMS "power down" exemption for limited access herring vessels	Are additional revisions to VMS requirements necessary?
Transfer At Sea Requirements Revise requirements to improve the accuracy	Restrict transfers at sea to limited access permit holders with no possession restriction (i.e., Category A and B)	Are additional revisions to transfer at sea requirements necessary?
and timeliness of quota monitoring information	Restrict transfers a sea to between herring permit holders (i.e., limited access and open access)	
	 Restrict transfers at sea for bait as follows: Allow transfers only up to certain poundage level; Allow transfers between limited access permit holders (i.e., Categories A, B, and C) only; Allow transfers between vessels with Transfer LOAs only; and/or Require copies of bait receipts. 	
Notification Requirements Revise requirements to improve placement of observers, compliance with reporting requirements, and the accuracy and timeliness of quota monitoring information	 Require all limited access permit holders, intending to land more than 2,000 lb of herring, to provide notification as follows: Declare a herring trip in VMS via VMS; Phone the observer program before departing port (minimum of 18 hours); and Contact OLE via VMS at least 6 hours before returning to port. 	Are additional revisions to notification requirements necessary?
Observer Requirements Revise observer requirements to promote observer		Are additional revisions to observer requirements necessary?
safety and ensure the accuracy of observer data	Require vessel to provide observer with assistance in obtaining basket samples and sorting discards	
	Require closed codends to be brought on board whenever possible for observer to open and inspect	
	Require vessel to provide accurate details to observer why the codend was only partially pumped and then dumped	
	Require vessel to provide observer notice when pumping is ending	
	Require larger vessels or each pair trawl vessel to carry an observer	
	Require additional communication between observers on pair trawl vessels	
	Require a flow scale on a processing vessel if there is no other method to estimate catch	

Atlantic Herring Catch Monitoring Program Alternatives	g Program Alternatives			
Catch Monitoring Alternative	Maximized Retention (MR)	At-Sea Monitoring	Dockside Monitoring (DM)	Additional Components
Alternative 1	Require vessels to land 99.5% of catch	Achieve observer coverage consistent with a 20% bycatch CV for herring, river herring, and	Require limited access permit holders (Category A, B, and C) to have fish holds and trucks certified	Eliminate RSA and replace it with a DM set-aside
	Prohibit ESA and MMPA species from being landed	паддоск	Hold/truck certifications provided to DM vendor	Establish a DNI set-astue Require electronic reporting (based on study fleet) for Category A and B
			Accurately estimate catch/bycatch in herring fishery (20% CV for river herring and 30% CV for herring and haddock)	vessels vessels Revise reporting (IVR and VTR) and transfer at sea requirements
			Confirm the accuracy of self- reporting of herring landings	Establish pilot program for electronic monitoring (based on
			NMFS establish and manage sampling plan executed by DM vendor	Archipelago program)
			Require limited access permit holders (Category A, B, and C) to contact DM prior to landing	
			DM vendor certified by NMFS	
Alternative 2	Does not include provisions for maximized retention	Increase observer coverage to achieve 30% bycatch CV from SRRM	Volumetric catch estimation for as close to 100% of offloads as possible	Develop method to estimate slipped codends
		Achieve monitoring coverage consistent with a 20% bycatch CV	Volumetric data cross checked with observer and VTR data	Encourage electronic reporting (based on study fleet) for information on slipped codends and
		tor retring tistery (ar-sea and dockside monitoring combined to achieve CV)	Achieve monitoring coverage consistent with a 20% bycatch CV for herrino fishery (at-sea and	Develop code of conduct to improve working relationship between
		Revise observer requirements to promote observer safety and ensure	dockside monitoring combined to achieve CV)	industry and observer program, including pre-season meetings and
		the accuracy of observer data	Standard catch sampling program at first point of landing or production	composition) from slipped codends

Catch Monitoring Alternative Maximiz Alternative 3 Require ve				
	Maximized Retention (MR)	At-Sea Monitoring	Dockside Monitoring (DM)	Additional Components
	Require vessels to land 99.5% of catch	Does not include provisions for catch sampling by observers	Independent volumetric catch estimate or weights from scales	CMCP details vessel compliance with monitoring requirements
Prohibit ESA and from being landed	Prohibit ESA and MMPA species from being landed		100% monitoring of all vessels for a census of all landing events	CMCPs approved by NMFS
Require ele verify com	Require electronic monitoring to verify compliance with MR		Standardize existing state programs then allow states to be DM vendors	bandle field service and analysis
Unpermitte through on	Unpermitted landings allowed through omnibus amendment or		Phase-in NMFS observers and allow NMFS to be DM vendor	Centratized anarysis and reporting procedures for at-sea, dockside, and quota monitoring
			Allow for additional DM vendors	Possible funding sources are ME or
Codend handling slippage cap woul slippage occurred	Codend handling requirements and slippage cap would apply when slippage occurred			MA dockside programs, MSRA appropriation, quota set-aside program, landings surcharge, industry funding
Modify me allow disce monitored	Modify maximized retention to allow discarding via chute (discards monitored by electronic monitoring)			0
Alternative 4 Does not in maximized	Does not include provisions for maximized retention	Improve monitoring of herring size composition and bycatch	Improve monitoring of herring size composition and bycatch	Improve accuracy of quota monitoring on real-time basis
		Ensure coverage of offshore Mid- Atlantic fishery (January - March		Industry working group to consider industry-funded observer program
		and April - June) to monitor bycatch events (shad, river herring, striped bass) and slippage		Adequate catch monitoring for haddock bycatch cap
		Ensure coverage of inshore areas off Gloucester and New Hampshire (especially during October and November) to monitor bycatch events (river herring, shad)		Identify bycatch by gear type

Atlantic Herring Catch Monitoring Program Alternatives	ig Program Alternatives			
Catch Monitoring Alternative	Maximized Retention (MR)	At-Sea Monitoring	Dockside Monitoring (DM)	Additional Components
Questions	Funding sources?	Funding sources?	Funding sources?	Are CMCPs appropriate for the herring fishery?
	Unpermitted landings allowed through an omnibus amendment?	Could vessels have choices (observers or MR/electronic	Can one sampling design monitor both landings verification and	Is a quota set-aside an appropriate
	Disposal of unpermitted catch at offload locations?	nonnormg) to achieve monitoring requirements?	bycatch ?	source of funding for monitoring? Are pilot programs a viable way to
	Can unpermitted catch be donated to food banks?			evaluate new monitoring programs?
	Do codend handling requirements and a slippage cap address safety concerns?			
	Require MR unless there are safety concerns related to the following circumstances: Mechanical failure; Dogfish; and Test tows.			